How to Write or Determine an Interval Sheet

Simultaneous Interval:

1. Find the degree of the scale for the upper note. (write that down)
2. Using your keyboard, count the number of half steps in the interval
3. Using the chart, determine the exact name of the interval

Remember: Major minor intervals (2, 3, 6, 7) use the dmMA pattern
Perfect intervals (1, 4, 5, 8) use the dPA pattern

Interval Above:

1. Write the pitch (note) above the given note determined by the degree of the scale
2. Using your keyboard, apply the amount of half steps determined by your interval chart
3. Add the appropriate accidental (sharp, flat, natural) to that added upper pitch (note) determined by your interval chart.

Interval Below:

1. Write the pitch (note) below the given note determined by the degree of the scale
2. Using your keyboard, apply the amount of half steps determined by your interval chart
3. Add the appropriate accidental (sharp, flat, natural) to that added lower pitch (note) determined by your interval chart.